News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

24-D-1666 February 28, 2025

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

KDX Realty Investment Corporation (security code: 8972)

<Affirmation>

| Long-term Issuer Rating: | AA |
|--------------------------|--------|
| Outlook: | Stable |
| Bonds: | AA |

Rationale

- (1) KDX Realty Investment Corporation ("KDXR") is a diversified J-REIT, of which main investment targets are office buildings, residential properties and retail facilities. Its asset manager, Kenedix Real Estate Fund Management, Inc. ("KFM"), is sponsored by a real estate asset management company, Kenedix, Inc. ("Kenedix"). In 2021, Kenedix became a consolidated subsidiary of Sumitomo Mitsui Finance and Leasing Company, Limited. In November 2023, KDXR was established through the merger of three listed REITs of which asset management has been entrusted to KFM. The current portfolio consists of 354 properties, valued at 1,203.4 billion yen. It boasts one of the largest number of properties in J-REITs. The composition ratio based on acquisition price is as follows: office buildings 35.3%, residential properties 26.8%, retail facilities 23.4%, logistics facilities 3.2%, hotels 4.0% and healthcare facilities 7.3%. Through the merger, KDXR transformed into a diversified REIT with a well-distributed portfolio.
- (2) Under the new post-merger structure, KDXR continues to strategically reshuffle assets across asset types. Most recently, through a mutual transaction with Kenedix Group, KDXR in January 2025 acquired a large multi-tenant logistics facility, and sold two old office buildings with limited upside potential. In April 2025, it plans to sell 10 relatively small and old residential properties with low management efficiency. Additionally, in January 2025, KDXR sold a retail facility to a third party due to concern that its earning capacity may decline in the future with increases in capital expenditures and repair costs. Through these efforts, the quality of the portfolio has been improved. In terms of internal growth, KDXR has been able to increase rents, mainly for office buildings, residential properties and retail facilities, while maintaining high occupancy rates. In terms of finances, as shown by LTV ratios controlled at the previous mid-40% range, sound financial management is continued. Based on the above, JCR has affirmed the ratings on KDXR with Stable outlook.
- (3) As of the end of December 2024, occupancy rates were high as follows: the entire portfolio 98.9%, office buildings 98.8%, residential properties 96.9%, retail facilities 99.4%, logistics facilities 100%, hotels 99.5% and healthcare facilities 100%. Stable operations are expected going forward for office buildings and residential properties with the solid leasing market in the Tokyo economic area; for hotels with a return of domestic/inbound accommodation demand; and for retail/logistics/healthcare facilities with medium- to long-term leasing contracts and master lease agreements. In addition, it is assumed that the Kenedix Group's experience and know-how regarding mixed-use properties will underpin KDXR's stable leasing operation.
- (4) In terms of finances, as of the end of October 2024, the average remaining period of interest-bearing debts was 3.3 years and the fixed interest rate ratio was 93.2%, indicating that long-term fixed interest financing continues, and repayment dates for interest-bearing debt are relatively scattered. In addition, given the reduction in spreads and internal growth, KDXR has a reasonable level of resistance to the risk of rising interest rates. There is no significant change in LTV, from 45.2% at end-October 2023 to 44.2% at end-October 2024, and no particular change to the LTV control policy. The unrealized gains on properties, which act as a financial buffer, declined at the time of the merger, but have been gradually increasing from 126.2 billion yen (10.9%) at end-April 2024 to 131.3 billion yen (11.2%) at end-October 2024.Considering the well-diversified portfolio, there is no particular concern about the current financial position situation. Moreover, a certain degree of flexibility in asset management, including a dividend policy, is ensured, by the reserve for reduction entry (4.2 billion yen at end-October 2024) and the temporary difference adjustment reserve (14.5 billion yen at end-October 2024) transferred from the gain on negative goodwill arising at the time of the merger.

Takanori Akiyama, Satoshi Inomata

Rating

Issuer: KDX Realty Investment Corporation

<Affirmation>



| Long-term Issuer Rating: AA | Outlook: Sta | ble | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Issue | Amount (bn) | Issue Date | Due Date | Coupon | Rating |
| Bonds no. 7* | JPY 1 | Apr. 28, 2016 | Apr. 28, 2028 | 0.900% | AA |
| Bonds no. 9* | JPY 2 | July 19, 2017 | July 16, 2027 | 0.640% | AA |
| Bonds no. 12* (green bonds) | JPY 1 | Oct. 20, 2020 | Oct. 18, 2030 | 0.610% | AA |
| Bonds no. 13* | JPY 2 | July 28, 2021 | July 31, 2026 | 0.180% | AA |
| Bonds no. 14* | JPY 1 | July 11, 2022 | July 9, 2027 | 0.400% | AA |
| Bonds no. 2** | JPY 1 | Aug. 30, 2016 | Aug. 28, 2026 | 0.540% | AA |
| Bonds no. 3** | JPY 1 | Aug. 30, 2016 | Aug. 30, 2028 | 0.800% | AA |
| Bonds no. 5** | JPY 1 | Nov. 30, 2018 | Nov. 30, 2028 | 0.850% | AA |
| Bonds no. 6**(social bonds) | JPY 2 | Dec. 20, 2019 | Dec. 20, 2029 | 0.750% | AA |
| Bonds no. 7**(social bonds) | JPY 1.7 | May 31, 2021 | May 30, 2031 | 0.720% | AA |
| Bonds no. 2*** | JPY 1 | Oct. 31, 2016 | Oct. 30, 2026 | 0.600% | AA |
| Bonds no. 4*** | JPY 2 | Aug. 31, 2017 | Aug. 31, 2027 | 0.700% | AA |
| Bonds no. 5*** | JPY 2 | Apr. 26, 2018 | Apr. 26, 2028 | 0.700% | AA |
| Bonds no. 7***(green bonds) | JPY 2 | Jan. 28, 2022 | Jan. 28, 2032 | 0.460% | AA |
| Bonds no. 8***(green bonds) | JPY 2 | June 22, 2022 | Oct. 29, 2027 | 0.500% | AA |
| Bonds no. 1 (green bonds) | JPY 3 | Sept. 11, 2024 | Sept. 11, 2034 | 1.468% | AA |
| * Danda issued by Kanadiy Office | Investment Corn | oration | | | |

* Bonds issued by Kenedix Office Investment Corporation

** Bonds issued by Kenedix Residential Next Investment Corporation

*** Bonds issued by Kenedix Retail REIT Corporation

Rating Assignment Date: February 25, 2025

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "J-REIT" (July 3, 2017) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

| Issuer: | KDX Realty Investment Corporation |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Rating Publication Date: | February 28, 2025 |

The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7

- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- $2 \quad \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|} The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7 \end{tabular}$
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- 3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and market environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.
 - A) Portfolios

1

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's portfolios - how they can be maintained/ enhanced into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a J-REIT might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions) including certainty of refinancing.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as sponsor, asset manager, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.

ICE

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

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The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

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Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(l) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the publication by the issuer or some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

1 🛯 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

 $11 \begin{bmatrix} \text{Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph} \\ \textbf{(a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7} \end{bmatrix}$

A) Portfolios

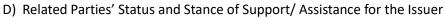
The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its investment strategies, tenants' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the portfolios is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.



The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its portfolios, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets, of e.g. real estate or interest rates, inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- · Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

3 Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Portfolios

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's portfolios and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of quality, competitive strength and diversification in the issuer's portfolios on some drastic change in the market environments, etc.



B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its portfolios.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions including certainty of refinancing. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's sponsor or asset manager, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/ assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets of e.g. real estate or interest rates. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

14 Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Assetbacked Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026



| | Historical Performance of | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Issuer Name | Issue Name | Publication Date | Rating | Outlook/Direction |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | December 11, 2006 | A+ | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 6, 2008 | A+ | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | February 6, 2009 | A+ | Negative |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | January 13, 2010 | А | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | February 4, 2011 | А | Stable |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | February 14, 2012 | А | Positive |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | March 8, 2013 | A+ | Stable |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | February 24, 2014 | A+ | Stable |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | | | | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | March 9, 2015 | A+ | Stable |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Issuer(Long-term) | March 16, 2016 | A+ | Positive |
| Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | January 30, 2017 | AA- | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 9, 2018 | AA- | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 15, 2019 | AA- | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 23, 2020 | AA- | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 12, 2021 | AA- | Positive |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 9, 2022 | AA | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | March 13, 2023 | AA | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Issuer(Long-term) | November 1, 2023 | AA | Stable |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.7(KDO) | April 22, 2016 | A+ | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.7(KDO) | January 30, 2017 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 9, 2018 | AA- | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 15, 2019 | AA- | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 23, 2020 | AA- | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 12, 2021 | AA- | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 9, 2022 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | | | | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | March 13, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDO) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.9(KDO) | July 12, 2017 | AA- | |
| Corporation | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 9, 2018 | AA- | |

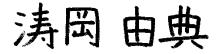
The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

| | e Historical Performance | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------|-------------------|
| Issuer Name | Issue Name | Publication Date | Rating | Outlook/Direction |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 15, 2019 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 23, 2020 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 12, 2021 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 9, 2022 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.9(KDO) | March 13, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | | | | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.9(KDO) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation | Bonds no.12(KDO) | October 14, 2020 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.12(KDO) | March 12, 2021 | AA- | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.12(KDO) | March 9, 2022 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.12(KDO) | March 13, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.12(KDO) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.13(KDO) | July 20, 2021 | AA- | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.13(KDO) | March 9, 2022 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | | | | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.13(KDO) | March 13, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation | Bonds no.13(KDO) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.14(KDO) | July 5, 2022 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.14(KDO) | March 13, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.14(KDO) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.2(KDR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.3(KDR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.5(KDR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.6(KDR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | | | | |
| Corporation KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.7(KDR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| Corporation | Bonds no.2(KRR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.4(KRR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.5(KRR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.7(KRR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment Corporation | Bonds no.8(KRR) | November 1, 2023 | AA | |
| KDX Realty Investment | Bonds no.1 | September 5, 2024 | AA | |
| Corporation | 2/2 | r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | |

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g7

- I, Yoshinori Namioka, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:
- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.



Yoshinori Namioka General Manager of Structured Finance Department II

> Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. Jiji Press Building, 5-15-8 Ginza, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0061, Japan Tel. +81 3 3544 7013, Fax. +81 3 3544 7026