News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

24-D-1481 January 17, 2025

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

UBE Corporation (security code: 4208)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: A
Outlook: Stable
Bonds: A

Shelf Registration: Preliminary A

CP: J-1

Rationale

- (1) UBE Corporation (the "Company") leads the corporate group operating the chemicals and machinery businesses. The chemicals business operates the specialty products and polymers & chemicals, and positions the specialty chemicals as the center of the business strategy. It has Japan's second largest cement manufacturer Mitsubishi UBE Cement Corporation ("Mitsubishi UBE Cement") as an equity-method affiliate (fifty-fifty investment with MITSUBISHI MATERIALS CORPORATION). Currently it is working on the business structure reforms such as reducing production capacity of caprolactam in Japan. On the other hand, it is pursuing growth strategies for specialization as a chemical company. As part of such efforts, it has decided a large scale capital investment (investment amount: approximately USD 500 million) in a fine chemical products in the U.S. and acquisition of LANXESS Deutschland GmbH's urethane system business, a downstream of the said products, (acquisition price: approximately EUR 460 million).
- (2) The Company's performance has been forced to be weak. The specialty business in the chemicals has been securing profits in a stable manner with the products having competitive advantages. Severe business environment is still continuing in the basic business centering on nylon and caprolactam chain but structural reforms, including the viewpoint of responding to environmental issues, are making progress. Going forward, financial burdens may become stronger caused by a large scale investment by UBE C1 Chemicals America Inc. in the North America and acceleration of the structural reforms in the basic business, but JCR believes financial risk will be controlled appropriately. Based on the above, JCR has affirmed the ratings on the Company with a Stable outlook.
- (3) For the fiscal year ending March 2025 (FY2024), the Company projects an operating profit of 27.0 billion yen, up 20.2% from the previous fiscal year. An improvement in profitability of polymers & chemicals will likely be the positive factors, but demand and market conditions of caprolactam have been weak, and these may become factors placing downward pressure on the performance. That said, JCR sees the Company as a whole will be able to secure profits steadily based on the facts that core products of the specialty products and service business of the machinery have been steady. In the ordinary profit level, investment loss on equity method in relation to dissolving a joint venture company of the elastomer business in Malaysia will be recorded, but the performance of Mitsubishi UBE Cement has been steady due to upward price revisions and others, and this will be the supporting factor of the above.
- (4) Interest-bearing debt amounted to over 500 billion yen in the early 2000s, and has been has steadily decreased, hovering at around 200 billion yen in recent years. Financial foundation is sound as shown by equity capital of 399.1 billion yen, DER of 0.6x as at the end of the second quarter of FY2024, and the Company has a certain resilience against the performance fluctuation and investment burdens. Interest-bearing debt is expected to increase in the future because of concentration of growth investments. However, steady cash flow generation capacity can be recognized mainly for the specialty products and machinery, and the Company's stance placing emphasis on financial soundness also remains unchanged. Financial structure will temporarily in the trend toward deterioration, but JCR assumes the Company can improve it over the medium term.

Shigenobu Tonomura, Takeshi Fujita



Rating

Issuer: UBE Corporation

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rat	ing: A Outlook:	Stable			
Issue	Amount (bn)	Issue Date	Due Date	Coupon	Rating
Bonds no. 12	JPY 10.0	Dec. 15, 2016	Dec. 15, 2026	0.430%	Α
Bonds no. 14	JPY 10.0	May 25, 2017	May 25, 2027	0.375%	Α
Bonds no. 15	JPY 10.0	Nov. 30, 2018	Nov. 28, 2025	0.310%	Α
Bonds no. 17	JPY 10.0	May 1, 2020	May 1, 2030	0.580%	Α
Bonds no. 18	JPY 5.0	Nov. 25, 2022	Nov. 25, 2027	0.530%	Α
Bonds no. 19	JPY 5.0	Nov. 25, 2022	Nov. 25, 2032	0.970%	Α
Bonds no. 20	JPY 6.6	Nov. 24, 2023	Nov. 24, 2028	0.833%	Α
Bonds no. 21	JPY 3.4	Nov. 24, 2023	Nov. 24, 2033	1.611%	Α
Bonds no. 22	JPY 20	Dec. 3, 2024	Dec. 3, 2027	1.091%	Α
Bonds no. 23	JPY 10	Dec. 3, 2024	Dec. 3, 2029	1.279%	Α

Shelf Registration: Preliminary A

Maximum: JPY 60 billion

Valid: Two years effective from April 10, 2024

CP: J-1

Maximum: JPY 40 billion

Rating Assignment Date: January 14, 2025

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (October 1, 2024) and "Chemicals" (June 15, 2022) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

A preliminary rating is a credit rating assigned as a preliminary evaluation while material terms for issue to be rated are not yet finalized. When the issuing terms are finalized, JCR will confirm them and will assign a credit rating anew. The rating level of the final rating may be different from that of the preliminary rating, depending on the final content of the terms, etc.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer:	UBE Corporation
Rating Publication Date:	January 17, 2025

- The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.

A) Business Bases

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

- B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality
 - The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.
- C) Liquidity Positions
 - The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).



- D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

 The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. by their own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer.
- E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

 The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.
- 4 The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
 - The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
 - The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7
 - The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.
- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

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Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(l) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

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Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from the same party for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

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Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.

C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.



D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

- · Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

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Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases on some drastic change in the operational environments, etc.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but



possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

- D) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract
 - The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the order of seniority in repayment of interests and principal. JCR assumes the resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch. The change could be as much as a few notches if the issuer's financial structure differs so much and thereby the balance between debts shifted so greatly. Rating change is also possible in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turns out to be inaccurate. The change of the credit rating is assumed to be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.
- F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

14 Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

• The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.

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The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 6, 2006	BBB	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 26, 2007	BBB+	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 16, 2008	BBB+	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 26, 2010	BBB+	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 20, 2010	BBB+	Positive
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 21, 2011	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 21, 2013	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 15, 2013	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 12, 2014	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 18, 2016	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	September 30, 2016	A-	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	October 3, 2017	A-	Positive
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	March 15, 2019	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	September 24, 2019	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 29, 2020	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	January 18, 2022	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 27, 2022	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	Issuer(Long-term)	December 29, 2023	A	Stable
UBE Corporation	CP	October 16, 1990	J-2	Staule
UBE Corporation	СР	December 26, 1990	J-2 J-2	
UBE Corporation UBE Corporation	CP CP	July 23, 1993	J-2 J-2	
UBE Corporation UBE Corporation	CP CP	July 23, 1993 July 4, 1996	J-2 J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP CP	November 12, 1997	J-2 J-2	
•	СР		J-2 J-2	
UBE Corporation		December 15, 1999		
UBE Corporation	CP	March 5, 2001	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	September 4, 2001	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	November 6, 2002	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	February 2, 2004	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	March 2, 2005	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	November 9, 2005	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 6, 2006	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	December 26, 2007	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 16, 2008	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	January 26, 2010	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 20, 2010	J-2	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 21, 2011	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	January 21, 2013	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 15, 2013	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	December 12, 2014	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	January 18, 2016	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	September 30, 2016	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	October 3, 2017	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	March 15, 2019	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	September 24, 2019	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP CP	December 29, 2020	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	January 18, 2022	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP CP	December 27, 2022	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP	December 29, 2023	J-1	
UBE Corporation	CP CI ICP : 4 4	February 15, 2024	J-1	
UBE Corporation	Shelf Registration	April 10, 2024	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	December 9, 2016	A-	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	October 3, 2017	A-	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	March 15, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	September 24, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	December 29, 2020	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	January 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.12	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	May 19, 2017	A-	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	October 3, 2017	A-	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	March 15, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	September 24, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	December 29, 2020	A	



The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	January 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.14	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	November 22, 2018	A-	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	March 15, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	September 24, 2019	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	December 29, 2020	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	January 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.15	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.17	April 24, 2020	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.17	December 29, 2020	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.17	January 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.17	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.17	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.18	November 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.18	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.18	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.19	November 18, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.19	December 27, 2022	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.19	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.20	November 17, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.20	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.21	November 17, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.21	December 29, 2023	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.22	November 27, 2024	A	
UBE Corporation	Bonds no.23	November 27, 2024	A	

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

- I, Shigenobu Tonomura, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:
- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

殿村成信

Shigenobu Tonomura

General Manager of Corporate Rating Department II