News Release



Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

24-D-1394 December 17, 2024

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR) announces the following credit rating.

Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc. (security code: 7189)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD. (security code: -)

<Affirmation>

Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

Rationale

- (1) The Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings Group (the "Group") is a regional financial group having THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD. ("NCB") at the core and others including The Kyushu Card Co., Ltd., Nishi-Nippon City Tokai Tokyo Securities Co., Ltd. and THE BANK OF NAGASAKI, LTD. under the umbrella of Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc. ("Nishi-Nippon FH") as the holding company. JCR deems the Group's creditworthiness to be equivalent to the rating of A+ in consideration of such factors as the robust business base, fairly good earnings capacity and decent capital level.
- (2) ROA based on core net business income (excluding gains/losses on cancellation of investment trusts; hereinafter the same) stood at around 0.27% in the first half of the fiscal year ending March 2025 (FY2024) for NCB, which accounts for a majority of the Group's consolidated profits. JCR considers that NCB's earnings capacity ranks among the top regional financial institutions in JCR's A rating category. Core net business income rose 20% over the year in the first half of FY2024. Even though interest on deposits, etc. grew because of domestic interest rate hikes, this was offset by a reduction in foreign currency financing costs and increase in interest on loans. Looking ahead, growth in personnel expenses, reconstruction of the head office and so forth are expected to add to total expenses. However, as loans are expanding thanks to robust local financing needs, and also driven by domestic interest rate hikes, interest on loans is expected to increase further. Given also that there is room for increasing securities holdings, JCR assumes that core net business income will remain steady.
- (3) Loan assets remain sound. NCB, which accounts for a majority of the Group's total assets, contains non-performing loans ratio under the Financial Reconstruction Act, as well as the ratio of categorized assets, and conservatively sets aside loan loss provisions using the DCF method for disclosed loans to the borrowers whose credit exceeds a certain amount. Credit costs remain low, and credit cost ratio has been kept below 10 bps in recent years. While attention should be paid to the business conditions of local SMEs as borrowers, credit costs will likely stay within the range fully absorbable by core net business income.
- (4) NCB does not take excessive risks in securities investment. With a low securities-to-deposit ratio of around 15%, the amount of interest rate risk is maintained at an acceptable level relative to capital, and the amount of price fluctuation risk is not excessive, either. In terms of unrealized gains/losses on available-for-sale securities, NCB secured 38.5 billion yen in unrealized gains as of the end of September 2024. Looking ahead, it will consider increasing securities holdings in light of the interest rate situation. JCR will monitor future developments to ensure that this will not lead to excessive risktaking.
- (5) The Group's consolidated capital adequacy ratio adjusted for general allowance for loan losses, etc. as of the end of September 2024 was a bit below 13%. Looking ahead, the enhancement of lending, risk-taking in the market division and full implementation of the finalized Basel III framework, along with other factors, will likely push down the ratio. Yet, as the steady accumulation of retained earnings is expected, JCR predicts that the capital level will nevertheless remain high among the entities in JCR's A rating category.



Issuer: Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc.

Nishi-Nippon FH is the holding company of the Group. Its issuer rating is deemed to be at the same level as the Group's creditworthiness. Given, among others, that double leverage ratio has been staying below a certain level and that the stability of cash flow balance will likely be maintained into the future in light of the financial management policy, etc., JCR does not reflect the structural subordination of a holding company in the rating for Nishi-Nippon FH.

Issuer: THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD.

NCB is the Group's core bank. Its issuer rating is deemed to be at the same level as the Group's creditworthiness. NCB is a top-ranking regional bank based mainly in Fukuoka Prefecture with a fund volume of 10.3 trillion yen. It has strength in transactions with SMEs and retail customers and maintains a share of approximately 25% for both deposits and loans in the prefecture. Loan assets are highly sound, and JCR finds little concern about NCB's financial standing.

Kengo Sakaguchi, Kei Aoki

Rating

Issuer: Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc.

<Affirmation> Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

Issuer: THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD.

<Affirmation> Long-term Issuer Rating: A+ Outlook: Stable

Rating Assignment Date: December 12, 2024

The assumptions for the credit ratings and the definitions of the rating symbols are published as "Types of Credit Ratings and Definitions of Rating Symbols" (January 6, 2014) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

Outline of the rating methodology is shown as "JCR's Rating Methodology" (October 1, 2024), "Banks" (October 1, 2021) and "Rating Methodology for Financial Groups' Holding Companies and Group Companies" (September 1, 2022) in Information about JCR Ratings on JCR's website (https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/).

The rating stakeholder participated in the rating process of the aforementioned credit ratings.

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

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JCR publishes its press releases regarding the rating actions both in Japanese and in English on the same day. In case that it takes time to translate rating rationale, JCR may publicize the summary version, which will be replaced by the full translated version within three business days. (Regarding Structured Finance products, JCR only publicize the summary version in English.)



INFORMATION DISCLOSURE FORM

Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd.

Disclosure Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of Rule 17g-7

Issuer: Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc. THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK, LTD.

Rating Publication December 17, 2024

- The Symbol, Number, or Score in the Rating Scale used to Denote Credit Rating Categories and Notches and, the Identity of the Obligor or the Identity and a Description of the Security or Money Market Instrument as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) of Rule 17g-7
- Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- 2 The version of the procedure or methodology used to determine the credit rating; as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of Rule 17g-7
 - Please see the news release. If the credit rating is a private rating, please see the report for private rating.
- 3 The Main Assumptions and Principles used in Constructing the Procedures and Methodologies used to Determine the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(C) of Rule 17g-7
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, to be applied to assess the likelihood of a given debt payment in light of its issuer's condition and business environment, etc. in the relevant future. There is certain limitation, however, in the time horizon that the rating foresees.
 - The credit rating methodology assumes, in principle, that the factors posted in the below are particularly important for such likelihood to be determined, and that the rating determination is made by evaluating each of them not only quantitatively but also employing qualitative analyses.
 - A) Business Bases

1

The likelihood of a given debt payment is highly conditional to its issuer's business bases - how they can be maintained/ expanded into the future and thereby secure earnings and cash flows in adequacy and in a sustainable way.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the degree of the issuer's indebtedness and loss absorption capacity in terms of equity capital. Also notable is that a financial institution might see a significant loss of financial grounds as a result of changes in value of the assets under its possession.

C) Liquidity Positions

The likelihood of debt payment is highly dependent on the adequacy of the issuer's cash and other sources of repayment (liquidity positions).

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The likelihood of debt payment is affected one way or the other by the issuer's related parties such as parent company, subsidiary, guarantor, and the government of the issuer's business domicile, etc. - by their own conditions and/ or position of support/assistance for the issuer.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment

4

The likelihood of debt payment can be different between given debts of the same issuer. The likelihood of debt payment for an individual debt is dependent on the issuer's discretion, and/ or its rank relative to other debts of the same issuer in the order of seniority in principal/ interest payment which is determined by design as financial product or by laws, etc.

- The Potential Limitations of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(D) of Rule 17g-7
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- The objective of the credit rating herewith presented does not include any concerns other than the likelihood of debt payment, such as risks of price changes, market liquidity, etc.
- The credit rating herewith presented is necessary to be reviewed along with possible changes of the issuer of rated objects in its business performance and/ or circumstances which include regulatory environment, and hence subject to possible alteration.
- 5 Information on the Uncertainty of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(E) of Rule 17g-7

The information used for the determination of credit rating as herewith presented is obtained by JCR from the issuer of rated objects and other sources that JCR trusts in terms of accuracy and reliability but possibly contains errors due to human, non-human or other causes. Consequently, the credit rating determined on the grounds of such information does not constitute, explicitly or implicitly, any representation or warrant of JCR on the information itself or any consequences of its use in terms of accuracy, relevance, timeliness, wholeness, market value, or usefulness for any specific purposes.

- 6 Use of Due Diligence Services of a Third Party in Taking the Rating Action as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(F) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any third-party due diligence service in the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 7 Use of Servicer or Remittance Reports to Conduct Surveillance of the Credit Rating Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(G) of Rule 17g-7
 - There is no use of any servicer or remittance report to conduct surveillance of the credit rating herewith presented.
- 8 The Types of Data Relied Upon for the Purpose of Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(H) of Rule17g-7



- The information posted in the below, which includes data, is used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented.
 - A) Audited financial statements presented by the rating stakeholders
 - B) Explanations of business performance, management plans, etc. presented by the rating stakeholders

9 Overall assessment of the Quality of Information Available and Considered in Determining the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(I) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR holds its basic policies for securing the quality of information as a base of due diligence for the determination of credit ratings. The information used as a base for the determination of credit rating herewith presented satisfies such policies, which include the audit by an independent auditor, the warranty made by the issuer, the publication by the issuer, some independent media or, otherwise, JCR analyst's scrutiny, etc.
- JCR sees no particular weakness in the quality of information used for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented as compared to the information used in other cases of the credit rating for comparable issuers or ratable objects.
- If the credit rating is an Indication, please see the report for Indication.

10 Information Relating to Conflicts of Interest as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(J) of Rule 17g-7

- JCR receives payment of compensation for the determination of the credit rating herewith presented from either one of those parties who are issuer, underwriter, depositor or sponsor.
- JCR did not receive in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings, Inc. for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.
- JCR received in the last fiscal year in the past payment of compensation from THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY BANK,LTD. for any kind of JCR's service other than the determination of public or private credit rating, such as one in the ancillary business.

11 Explanation or Measure of the Potential Volatility of the Credit Rating as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(K) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is improvement or deterioration of the issuer's business bases, since its revenue, etc. may improve or deteriorate by the change in its business management policies, clients' preferences, competitive situation, or a technological innovation. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the business bases is large.

B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating is subject to alteration if the issuer increases/ decreases its debt/ capital or vice versa and thereby makes its individual debt payment liability less or more bearable and its loss absorption capacity into the future decreased or increased. Also, the changes in the quality of asset under the issuer's holding may affect the credit rating, since such changes could raise or lower the likelihood of future loss of the issuer's financial grounds. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change in the financial grounds and/ or asset quality is large.



C) Liquidity Positions

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's financial management policy or in the relations with fund procurement sources and the change thereby makes its liquidity positions improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the issuer's parent company or subsidiary, guarantor or other provider of credit enhancement, or the government of the issuer's business domicile, or other related parties' own conditions and/ or position of support/ assistance for the issuer, and the change thereby makes its business bases, financial grounds and/ or liquidity positions improve or deteriorate, and/ or making the effectiveness of guarantee and other credit enhancement improve or deteriorate. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large.

E) Order of Seniority in Debt Payment and Non-Payment Forgiven by Contract

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a change in the rated debt's status in the order of seniority relative to other debts caused by the improvement/ deterioration of the issuer's financial condition. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is large. Also, in case of the financial products for which non-payment of interest/ principal is contractually permissible, the credit rating is subject to alteration if and when the likelihood of such non-payment is projected to increase or decrease. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but often as much as a few notches.

F) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating is subject to alteration if there is a rise/ fall in the general economy and/ or the markets inducing the issuer's revenues/ expenses to increase/ decrease and vice versa, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating is usually by a notch, with possibility of a few notches if and when the change is exceptionally large.

G) Various Events

The credit rating is subject to alteration on occurrence of various events, such as change in the issuer's major shareholders, M&A and other organizational change, accident, violation of the law, litigation, legal/ regulatory change, natural disaster, etc., which are unforeseeable at the time when the credit rating is determined, causing a significant change on the issuer's business bases, financial grounds, etc. The resultant alteration of the credit rating could be by a notch but more often than not as much as a few notches.

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Information on the Content of the Credit Rating, Including the Historical Performance of the Credit Rating and the Expected Probability of Default and the Expected Loss in the Event of Default as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(L) of Rule 17g-7

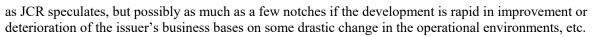
- · Historical records of the credit rating herewith presented are posted in the end of this paper.
- The credit rating herewith presented by JCR is its summary opinion with regard to the likelihood of given debt payment and hence not necessarily a perfect representation of such likelihood. The credit rating is not intended to estimate the probability of default or the loss on given default, either.
- Facts of the probability of default are posted as Form NRSRO Exhibit 1 on the JCR website under the URL:

https://www.jcr.co.jp/en/service/company/regu/nrsro/

13 Information on the Sensitivity of the Credit Rating to Assumptions Made as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(M) of Rule 17g-7

A) Business Bases

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's business bases and powers of earning or cash flow generation, etc. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch,



B) Financial Grounds and Asset Quality

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's financial grounds and asset quality. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's financial grounds and/ or asset quality on some drastic change in its business bases.

C) Liquidity Risks

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's liquidity positions. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if the development is rapid in improvement or deterioration of the issuer's liquidity positions on some drastic change in its financial management policy or relations with fund procurement sources, etc.

D) Related Parties' Status and Stance of Support/ Assistance for the Issuer

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the issuer's parent company or subsidiaries, guarantor or other providers of credit enhancement, the government of the issuer's business domicile or other related parties' status and stance of support/ assistance for the issuer. The resultant change of the credit rating is most likely by a notch, as JCR speculates, but possibly as much as a few notches if there is a major change on the part of related parties, such as replacement, disappearance, some drastic improvement/ deterioration of financial grounds/ balances, etc.

E) Rise and Fall in General Economy and Markets

The credit rating herewith presented could be changed if and when the assumptions made at the time of its determination turn out to be inaccurate with regard to the prospects of general economy and markets. JCR expects the change should be most likely by a notch but could be as much as a few notches, should the economy or the markets change so greatly.

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4 Information on the Representations, Warranties, and Enforcement Mechanisms of an Asset-backed Security as Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(N) of rule 17g-7

The credit rating herewith presented is not for an ABS product, and hence no relevant issue.



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Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	September 30, 2016	А	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	October 25, 2017	А	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	November 28, 2018	А	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	November 29, 2019	А	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	December 14, 2020	А	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	November 17, 2021	А	Positive		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	December 2, 2022	A+	Stable		
Nishi-Nippon Financial Holdings,	Issuer(Long-term)	December 18, 2023	A+	Stable		

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating



Issuer Name	Issue Name	Publication Date	Rating	Outlook/Direction	
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	September 14, 2006	A-	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		September 14, 2000			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	June 12, 2007	A-	Positive	
BANK, LTD.		Julie 12, 2007			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	May 12, 2008	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		Way 12, 2008			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY		July 10, 2009	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.	Issuer(Long-term)	July 10, 2009			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	Santambar 17, 2010	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		September 17, 2010			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	A	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		August 23, 2011			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	G (1 12 2012	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		September 12, 2012			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	N. 1 15 2012	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		November 15, 2013			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	November 21, 2014	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	December 22, 2015	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	September 30, 2016	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	October 25, 2017	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	November 28, 2018	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	N. 1 20 2010	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		November 29, 2019			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	D 1 14 2020	А	Stable	
BANK, LTD.		December 14, 2020			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	N. 1. 17.0001	А	Positive	
BANK, LTD.		November 17, 2021			
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	December 2, 2022	A+	Stable	
BANK, LTD.					
THE NISHI-NIPPON CITY	Issuer(Long-term)	D 1 10 0000		G. 11	
BANK, LTD.		December 18, 2023	A+	Stable	

The Historical Performance of the Credit Rating

Attestation Required by Paragraph (a)(1)(iii) of Rule 17g-7

I, Tomohiro Miyao, have responsibility to this Rating Action and to the best of my knowledge:

- A) No part of the credit rating was influenced by any other business activities.
- B) The credit rating was based solely upon the merits of the obligor, security, or money market instrument being rated.
- C) The credit rating was an independent evaluation of the credit risk of the obligor, security, or money market instrument.

宫尾知浩

Tomohiro Miyao General Manager of Financial Institution Rating Department

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